904-579 13 July 01

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims in accordance with the following rewritten claims in clean form. Applicant includes herewith an Attachment for Claim Amendments showing a marked up version of each amended claim.

- 1. (Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising:
- a first substrate:
- a second substrate disposed so as to oppose the first substrate;
- a color layer provided on the first substrate;
- an insulating film provided on the color layer and comprising at least one of
- $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5,\,\text{ZrO}_2,\,\text{and}\,\,\text{TiO}_2$  as a primary component; and
- a conductive film having a property of transmitting light provided on the insulating film.
- 2. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 1, wherein, when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.
  - 3. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 2, wherein  $\lambda$  is 550 nm.
- (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 1, further comprising a transparent resin film between the color layer and the insulating film.

- (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 1, further comprising a reflective film between the color laver and the first substrate.
- 6. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 1, further comprising an underlying layer provided on the second substrate and composed of a material substantially identical to that for the insulating film, and an active element provided on the underlying layer.
- (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 5, wherein the reflective layer has an opening portion therein.
- (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 6, wherein the active element is a TFD.
  - 9. (Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising:
  - a first substrate:
  - a second substrate disposed so as to oppose the first substrate;
  - a color layer provided on the first substrate;
- an insulating film provided on the color layer and comprising  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$  as a primary component; and
- a conductive film having a property of transmitting light provided on the insulating film.

- (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 9, wherein the insulating film further comprises at least one of ZrO<sub>2</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, and SiO<sub>2</sub> as a component.
- 11. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 10, wherein, when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.
- 12. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 11, wherein  $\lambda$  is 550 nm.
- 13. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 9, further comprising a transparent resin film provided between the color layer and the insulating film.
- 14. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 9, further comprising a reflective film provided between the color layer and the first substrate.
- 15. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 9, further comprising an underlying layer provided on the second substrate and composed of a material substantially identical to that for the insulating film, and an active element provided on the underlying layer.

16. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 14, wherein the reflective layer has an opening portion therein.

17. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 15, wherein the active element is a TFD.

18. (Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising:

an insulating film comprising at least one of Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, and TiO<sub>2</sub> as a primary component: and

a conductive film having a property of transmitting light provided on the insulating film.

19. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 18, wherein, when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.

20. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 19, wherein  $\lambda$  is 550 nm.

21. (Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising:

a first substrate:

a second substrate disposed so as to oppose the first substrate;

a color layer provided on the first substrate:

an insulating film provided on the color layer, having a property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.6 to 2.0 in a visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 10 nm to 100 nm; and

a conductive film provided on the insulating film, having the property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.8 to 1.9 in the visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 100 nm to 300 nm.

22. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 21, wherein, when an optional wavelength in the visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.

23. (Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising:

an insulating film having a refractive index of 1.6 to 2.0 in a visible wavelength region and a thickness of 10 nm to 100 nm; and

a conductive film provided on the insulating film, having a property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.8 to 1.9 in the visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 100 nm to 300 nm.

24. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 23, wherein, when an optional wavelength in the visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an

optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.

- 25. (Amended) A color filter substrate comprising:
- a substrate;
- a color layer provided on the substrate;
- an insulating film provided on the color layer and comprising one of  $Ta_2O_5$ ,  $ZrO_2$ , and  $TiO_2$  as a primary component; and
- a conductive film having a property of transmitting light provided on the insulating film.
- 26. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 25, wherein, when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.
- 27. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 26, wherein  $\lambda$  is 550 nm.
- 28. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 25, further comprising a transparent resin film provided between the color layer and the insulating film.

- 29. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 25, further comprising a reflective film provided between the color laver and the first substrate.
- (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 29, wherein the reflective layer has an opening portion therein.
  - 31. (Amended) A color filter substrate comprising:
  - a substrate;
  - a color layer provided on the substrate;
- an insulating film provided on the color layer and comprising  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$  as a primary component; and
- a conductive film having a property of transmitting light provided on the insulating
- 32. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 31, wherein the insulating film further comprises at least one of  $ZrQ_2$ ,  $TiQ_2$ , and  $SiQ_2$  as a component.
- 33. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 32, wherein, when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.

- 34. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 33, wherein  $\lambda$  is 550 nm.
- 35. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 31, further comprising a transparent resin film provided between the color layer and the insulating film.
- 36. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 31, further comprising a reflective film provided between the color layer and the first substrate.
- 37. (Amended) A liquid crystal device according to Claim 36, wherein the reflective layer has an opening portion therein.
  - 38. (Amended) A color filter substrate comprising:
  - a substrate:
  - a color layer provided on the substrate;
- an insulating film provided on the color layer, having a property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.6 to 2.0 in a visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 10 nm to 100 nm; and
- a conductive film provided on the insulating film, having the property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.8 to 1.9, and a thickness of 100 nm to 300 nm.
- 39. (Amended) A color filter substrate according to Claim 38, wherein, when an optional wavelength in the visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ . a sum of an

optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.

- 40. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, comprising:
- a step of forming a color layer on a first substrate;
- a step of forming an insulating film on the color layer, the insulating film comprising at least one of  $Ta_2O_5$ ,  $ZrO_2$ , and  $TiO_2$  as a primary component;
- a step of forming a conductive film having a property of transmitting light on the insulating film; and
  - a step of patterning the conductive film by using an alkaline solution.
- 41. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 40, wherein the insulating film and the conductive film are formed so that when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by λ, a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and an optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of λ/2 and a natural number.
- 42. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 40, further comprising a step of forming a transparent resin film on the color layer.
- 43. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 40, further comprising a step of forming a reflective film on the first substrate.

- 44. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 40, further comprising: a step of forming an underlying layer on a second substrate, the underlying layer comprising a material substantially identical to that for the insulating film; and a step of forming an active element on the underlying layer.
- 45. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 43, further comprising a step of forming an opening portion in the reflective film.
- 46. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, according to Claim 40, wherein the insulating film is formed by vapor phase film-forming means.
  - 47. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, comprising: a step of forming a color layer on a substrate;
- a step of forming an insulating film on the color layer, the insulating film comprising  $Ta_2O_5$  as a primary component and at least one of  $ZrO_2$ ,  $TiO_2$ , and  $SiO_2$  as a component;
- a step of forming a conductive film having a property of transmitting light on the insulating film; and
  - a step of patterning the conductive film by using an alkaline solution.
  - (Amended) A method for manufacturing a liquid crystal device, comprising:
    a step of forming a color layer on a substrate;

a step of forming an insulating film on the color layer, the insulating film having a property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.6 to 2.0 in a visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 10 nm to 100 nm; and

a step of forming a conductive film on the insulating film, the conductive film having the property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.8 to 1.9 in the visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 100 nm to 300 nm.

- 49. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate, comprising: a step of forming a color laver on a substrate:
- a step of forming an insulating film on the color layer, the insulating film comprising at least one of Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, and TiO<sub>2</sub> as a primary component:
- a step of forming a conductive film having a property of transmitting light on the insulating film; and
  - a step of patterning the conductive film by using an alkaline solution.
- 50. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate according to Claim 49, wherein the insulating film and the conductive film are formed so that when an optional wavelength in a visible wavelength region is represented by  $\lambda$ , a sum of an optical thickness of the insulating film and the optical thickness of the conductive film is substantially equal to a product of  $\lambda/2$  and a natural number.
- 51. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate according to Claim 49, further comprising a step of forming a transparent resin film on the color layer.

- 52. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate according to Claim 49, further comprising a step of forming a reflective film on the substrate.
- 53. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate according to Claim 52, further comprising a step of forming an opening portion in the reflective film.
- 54. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate according to Claim 49, wherein the insulating film is formed by vapor phase film-forming means.
  - 55. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a color filter substrate, comprising: a step of forming a color layer on a substrate:
- a step of forming an insulating film on the color layer, the insulating film having a property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.6 to 2.0 in a visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 10 nm to 100 nm; and
- a step of forming a conductive film on the insulating film; the conductive film having the property of transmitting light, a refractive index of 1.8 to 1.9 in the visible wavelength region, and a thickness of 100 nm to 300 nm.